'05 Progressive Era Test

Multiple choice: Choose the best response. (3pts Each – 45 points)

_____ 1. Who was the muckraker that uncovered suspicious activities of the Standard Oil Company?
   a. Upton Sinclair
   b. Ida Tarbell
   c. Robert La Follette
   d. Carrie Chapman Catt

_____ 2. What was the name of the place where Jane Addams based her efforts to improve the lives of immigrants in Chicago?
   a. Chicago Care
   b. Jane’s Place
   c. Hull House
   d. House of Pain

_____ 3. What was the name of the progressive reformer than founded the Sierra Club?
   a. John Muir
   b. Gifford Pinchot
   c. Booker T. Washington
   d. Matt Abrashinsky

_____ 4. Which African American leader believed the fight for political rights was crucial to the condition of African Americans at the beginning of the 1900s?
   a. Booker T. Washington
   b. W.E.B. DuBois
   c. Marcus Garvey
   d. Martin Luther King, Jr.

_____ 5. Name of the President that called for a “Square Deal” for the American people.
   a. Theodore Roosevelt
   b. William H. Taft
   c. Woodrow Wilson
   d. George W. Bush

_____ 6. What was the name of the book written by Upton Sinclair exposing the poor working conditions of the meat packing industry at the beginning of the 1900s?
   a. Jungle
   b. The Underside of Beef
   c. Beef, It’s Not Just for Dinner
   d. Fast Food Nation
7. Although Theodore Roosevelt is known as a “Trust Buster,” who was the next president that broke up more trust than Roosevelt?
   a. Franklin D. Roosevelt
   b. George W. Bush
   c. Woodrow Wilson
   d. William H. Taft

8. What was the political reform that allowed citizens, if they gather enough signatures, to require an election to remove a corrupt government official?
   a. Referendum
   b. Initiative
   c. Recall
   d. Direct Primary

9. What political reform allowed citizens a voice to whom they wanted to run for a political office?
   a. Referendum
   b. Initiative
   c. Recall
   d. Direct Primary

10. What was the name given to laws that provided separate facilities for colored and white citizens?
    a. Reclamation Laws
    b. Jim Crow Laws
    c. KKK Laws
    d. Civil War Amendments

11. African American leader who was most supported by the government, that called African Americans to seek economic self-improvement before political gains?
    a. Booker T. Washington
    b. W.E.B. Dubois
    c. Marcus Garvey
    d. Martin Luther King, Jr.

12. What was the Amendment that repealed the 18th Amendment?
    a. 19th Amendment
    b. 20th Amendment
    c. 21st Amendment
    d. 22nd Amendment
13. What was the name of the Wisconsin governor and later Senator whose political ideas become known as the Wisconsin Idea?
   a. John D. Rockefeller
   b. Gifford Pinchot
   c. “Fighting Bob” La Follette
   d. John Muir

14. Who was Theodore Roosevelt Secretary of Agriculture. He believed, like Theodore Roosevelt, in the management of wilderness areas, rather than the complete preservation of wilderness areas?
   a. John Muir
   b. “Fighting Bob” La Follette
   c. Gifford Pinchot
   d. John d. Rocfeeller

15. Which amendment allows for the direct taxation of people’s income?
   a. 14th Amendment
   b. 15th Amendment
   c. 16th Amendment
   d. 17th Amendment
Short Answer: Choose 5 of 6. (5 pts each – 25 points)

A. How was the processing of meat revolutionized at the end of the 1800s?

B. Give two arguments against Opening the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to oil exploration.

C. Give two arguments for creating a water reservoir in Hetch Hetchy Valley?

D. What was the historical impact of the Supreme Court case, Plessy v. Ferguson?

E. What were two arguments given against the passage of the 18th Amendment? (Prohibition)

F. What were the two Amendments passed between 1900-1920 that increased voter participation? Then, explain how.
Essay: Choose 1 of 2. (30 points)

1. Describe 3 reforms of the progressive era and the problems they were meant to address. Then, rank the three reforms from most important to least important. For each reform make sure to explain why it is more important than the other reforms or less important than the other reforms.

2. Identify 3 individuals from the progressive era. Then, explain what one should look at when determining which reformer is the most influential. Finally, rank the three reformers based on your criteria.